Avoiding Complaints and Navigating the Disciplinary Process





Introduction

- Approximately 23,000 lawyers in Louisiana
- Approximately 3,000 3,200 complaints are filed each year
 Most lawyers will get a complaint within 8 - 10 years of practice

Our Panel

- William King, LSBA Professional Programs Counsel, LSBA (Moderator)
- Susan Kalmbach, Deputy Disciplinary Counsel, Office of Disciplinary Counsel
- Richard Lemmler, Ethics Counsel, LSBA
- Damon Manning, Respondent's Counsel, Schiff, Scheckman & White, LLC

Ethics Advisory Service

Ethics Opinions
Advertising Opinions
Published Opinions

Contact Ethics Counsel

Richard Lemmler 504-619-0144
 <u>rlemmler@lsba.org</u>

<u>or</u>

Eric Barefield 504-619-0122 ebarefield@lsba.org



Office of Disciplinary Counsel Deputy Disciplinary Counsel

Receives and Screens Complaints

- Conducts investigations into complaints alleging unethical conduct
- Makes recommendations at conclusion of investigations
- Prosecutes cases

Respondent's Counsel

- Introduction
- Type of Practice
- Experience



Disciplinary System

Louisiana Supreme Court

Louisiana Attorney Disciplinary Board

Administrative Staff Office of Disciplinary Counsel

Hearing Committees What is a Complaint? "A complaint can be any information coming to the attention of the Office of **Disciplinary Counsel** concerning a lawyer subject

What's the best way <u>not</u> to get a complaint?

- Advice -
- From Ethics Counsel
- From Disciplinary Counsel
- From Respondent's Counsel

What are the most common complaints/Issues seen?

- As Investigated by ODC Deputy Disciplinary Counsel?
- As defended by Respondent's Counsel?
- As Opinions/Advice sought from LSBA Ethics Counsel?

The Complaint has been made: Screening (Options)

- 1) Dismiss administratively
- 2) Request more information
- 3) Refer to LSBA as a "Relational Referral"
- 4) Refer to LSBA as a "Screening Diversion"
- 5) Open and assign as investigation

At the Initial Complaint.... Do I need Counsel?

The Answer is: 1) YES 2) No 3) Maybe so

The Complaint Process

- Complaint Received
 - Letter sent to attorney to respond to complaint
 - attorney responds within 15 days; or, if no response
 - attorney subpoenaed to elicit response
 - Response Letter Extremely Important
 - Never Not Respond!
 - What Makes a Good Response?
 - What makes a Bad Response?
 - Sworn Statements = Danger

Counsel Recommendations

- After investigation, Office of Disciplinary Counsel may recommend:
 - 1. Dismissal
 - 2. Diversion
 - 3. Probation
 - 4. Admonition
 - 5. Formal Charges

The Appeal Process

• Rule XIX, Sec. 11B(3)

• Complainant's appeal along with copies of record is assigned to a hearing committee for review.

Rule XIX, Sec. 30(A)

 Complainant may appeal the decision of the hearing committee to a panel of the Disciplinary Board within 30 days

Rule XIX, Sec. 30(C)

 Complainant may appeal the decision of the Board Panel to the Supreme Court within 30 days The Initial Investigation remains open and they are contemplating some kind of action... Do I need Counsel?

The Answer is: YES

Diversion

- Complainant may not appeal
- Not reviewed by Hearing Committee
- Respondent must agree
- Contract required
- Unsuccessful Diversion/subsequent violations may be referred to Office of Disciplinary Counsel.
- Always try to get your client placed in diversion if possible if there is any inkling of provable misconduct.

Admonition

- Respondent notified of proposed disposition
- 14 days to demand formal proceeding
- Failure to respond = consent
- Reviewed by Hearing Committee Chair or Lawyer Member
- Admonition Issued (private sanction)
- If they offer an admonition see if they would consider Diversion.

Request for Permission to File Formal Charges

- Reviewed by Hearing Committee Chair or Lawyer Member
- When does Disciplinary Counsel know it is time to file charges?

Standard: Probable Cause

Formal Charges (Deemed Admitted)

- Formal Charges filed with Board Clerk
- Charges Served on Respondent
- Respondent Fails to Answer Within the 20-Day period
 - ODC files Deemed Admitted Motion
 - Order Served on Respondent
 - Respondent has 20 days to request order to recall
 - If recalled, conduct hearing in mitigation
 - Factual Allegations "Deemed Admitted"

Formal Charges - Answered

- Formal Charges Filed with the Board Clerk
- Charges Served on Respondent
- Respondent <u>Answers</u> Within 20-Day Period
 - Case Assigned to Hearing Committee
 - What makes a good Answer?

The Proceedings

Formal Charges Filed

Discovery (Prehearing Conference)

Committee Hearing

Findings (Report to Board)

> Board Appellate Review

> > Court Review (Decision)

The Disciplinary Hearing Process -

- What about Discovery?
- Rules of Evidence?
- Mitigation/Aggravation can be big factors

The Disciplinary Hearing Process -

• Should you represent yourself? Why not?

• What is the best advice the panel would give to attorneys defending a fellow attorney facing formal charges brought by ODC?

Consent Discipline

- When should you consider consent?
- Pros and Cons?

Sanction Recommendation

After Formal Charges:

- 1. Public Reprimand
- 2. Probation
- 3. Suspension
- 4. Disbarment
- 5. Permanent Disbarment
- 6. Dismissal

The Board and Supreme Court

- Best Advice for Board and Supreme Court Written Briefs?
- Oral Arguments before the 1) LADB and 2) The LA Supreme Court.
- Best advice for arguing disciplinary matters in front of the Disciplinary Board?
- Best advice for arguing disciplinary matters in front of the LA Supreme Ct?

Guidelines for Permanent Disbarment Suggested guidelines adopted by Supreme Court

- i. Repeated or multiple instances of intentional conversion of client funds
- ii. Intentional corruption of the judicial process
- iii. Intentional homicide conviction
- iv. Felonious sexual misconduct
- v. Felony involving physical coercion or substantial damage

Guidelines for Permanent Disbarment

- vi. Insurance fraud
- vii. Malfeasance in office which results in felony conviction
- viii. Unauthorized practice of law during suspension or disbarment
- Serious attorney misconduct or conviction of a serious crime, when the conduct is preceded by previous suspension or disbarment

Easy Rule Violations

- What are the easiest Rule violations to prove/prosecute? What are the hardest?
- What are the easiest to defend (if any)? What are the hardest?

Practical Steps to Avoid Complaints

- Screen Your Clients
- Limit and Memorialize the Scope of Representation
- Get a Written Fee Agreement
- Don't Charge (or Collect) a "Non-Refundable" Fee
- Fees Must be Reasonable and the Client Should Get Value for the Fee
- Always Account for the Fee
- Work with the Client When the Client Objects/Disputes Fee
- Manage Client Expectations

More Practical Steps to Avoid Complaints

- Communicate, Communicate, Communicate
- Return the File (i.e., the Entire File) upon Request
- Don't Hold the File Hostage for the Fee (or Any Reason)
- Don't Hold the Case Hostage for the Fee
- Explain Delay (in Writing)
- Good Client Relations (will Negate Complaints)
- Listen to your client Nip the Complaint
- Pay Your Litigation Bills/Expenses Timely

More Practical Steps to Avoid Discipline

- Avoid Conflicts
- Unearned Fees Must be Returned Promptly
- If There is a Dispute, Segregate the Funds in Trust and try to resolve the dispute

Some Last Advice