



LOUISIANA BOARD OF LEGAL SPECIALIZATION LABOR LAW STANDARDS

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Louisiana Board of Legal Specialization (the “Board”) by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, the Board, on the recommendation of the Labor Law Advisory Commission (the “Advisory Commission”), prescribes the following standards and requirements for Board certification in Labor Law in accordance with the Plan of Legal Specialization (the “Plan”) and the Rules and Regulations of the Louisiana Board of Legal Specialization (the “Rules”).

Section I. DEFINITIONS

- A. The practice of law means full-time legal work performed for the purpose of rendering legal advice or legal representation to the general public, private employers, or governmental agencies.
- B. Full time shall be defined as working a minimum of 35 hours per week.
- C. Labor law is defined as the handling of matters arising from the relationships between employers and employees, their labor organizations, and independent contractors, excluding workers’ compensation matters (other than retaliatory discharge issues). The specialty practice encompasses all forms of advice, guidance, and counseling as well as litigation, negotiation, arbitration, mediation and other forms of alternative dispute resolution before state and federal tribunals in both the unionized and non-union workforces involving:
 1. Federal Law
 - a. The National Labor Relations Act
 - b. The Labor-Management Relations Act
 - c. The Railway Labor Act
 - d. The Norris–La Guardia Act
 - e. Federal Labor Relations Authority
 - f. The WARN Act
 - g. The Davis Bacon Act
 - h. The Service Contract Act
 - i. Employment versus Independent Contractor Status
 - j. Arbitration of Labor Claims
 - k. Federal Arbitration Act and arbitration involving labor claims
 - l. ERISA with a particular focus on multi-employer benefit plans
 - m. Occupational Safety and Health Act (except worker’s compensation and/or LHWCA claims or proceedings)
 - n. Wage and Hour and Leave Matters including FLSA, FMLA and Equal Pay Act
 - o. USERRA
 - p. Vietnam Veterans Readjustment Assistance Act
 - q. Office of Federal Contracts Compliance Programs regulations
 - r. Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute
 - s. Federal Labor Relations Authority regulations and statutes

2. State Law

- a. Louisiana law on public sector organizing
- b. Louisiana Civil Service Rules
- c. Louisiana Unemployment Compensation Act
- d. Louisiana's maternity leave law
- e. Louisiana's Wage Payment Act
- f. Louisiana Right to Work Act
- g. Louisiana Binding Arbitration Law
- h. Preemption issues
- i. Louisiana Military Service Relief Act

D. Certification as a specialist shall be effective the date the Board authorizes recognition and shall remain effective for five (5) years from January 1 of the year of recognition.

Section II. BASIC REQUIREMENTS

A. Application

Applicants must at the time of initial application for certification:

1. Be an active member in good standing of the Louisiana State Bar Association;
2. Have a minimum of five (5) years of actual practice of law on a full time basis preceding the year of application;
3. Certify under oath that during sixty (60) of the eighty-four (84) months immediately preceding the year of application they have devoted a minimum of 25% of a full-time work schedule in the practice of law in the field of labor law as defined in Section I, C.
4. Have served as lead counsel, or had substantial responsibility in, 25 or more labor matters as defined in Section I, C at the time of application;
5. The Advisory Commission must receive on behalf of an applicant, on a form furnished by the Louisiana Board of Legal Specialization, a minimum of five (5) reference statements from practicing attorneys who can attest to the applicant's competence in the specialty field of labor law. Of the five (5) references, at least one (1) must be from a Board Certified Labor Law Specialist.¹ These submissions shall be subject to the limitations outlined in Rule 8.4 of the Rules;
6. Consent to a confidential inquiry by the Board and/or the Advisory Commission, directed to any person who serves as a reference for the applicant, and to other persons regarding the applicant's competence and qualifications to be recognized as a Labor Law Specialist. This inquiry and review shall consider information furnished by references and other information that the Advisory Commission deems relevant to whether the applicant has sufficient competence and proficiency handling the usual matters of labor law. This information may include the applicant's work product, ethics, reputation, professionalism, or such other criteria that the Advisory Commission deems appropriate to consider in reaching its recommendations;

¹ The requirement that one (1) of the five (5) references be from a Board Certified Labor Law Specialist may be waived by the LBLB Board until there are a sufficient number of Board Certified Labor Law Specialists.

7. Comply with the rules and regulations established by the Board as they relate to release of disciplinary action information;
8. Obtain by December 31 of the year of application a minimum of 15 hours of continuing legal education (CLE) in the field of labor law. All CLE credits of an applicant must be approved by the Mandatory Continuing Legal Education Committee (“MCLE Committee”) and the Advisory Commission. CLE earned in prior years may not be used to satisfy the 15 hour requirement within the year of application. An applicant will not qualify for the specialization CLE exemption under Rule 7.10 of the Rules in the year of application.
9. Maintain professional liability insurance in the minimum amount of \$1,000,000. The policy must be offered by a company reasonably acceptable to the Board. Evidence of insurance shall be provided with the application.
10. Take and pass a written examination.
11. Certify under oath to having met these requirements.

B. Maintenance

Those bar members certified in the Labor Law specialty must satisfy the following requirements to maintain their certifications:

1. Be an active member in good standing of the Louisiana State Bar Association;
2. Certify under oath, on a form provided by the Board, that they engage in the actual practice of law on a full time basis;
3. Certify under oath, on a form provided by the Board, that they have devoted a minimum of 25% of a full time work schedule in the practice of law annually in the field of labor law, as defined in Section I, C herein.
4. During each year of certification, must attend a minimum of 15 hours of approved labor law continuing legal education programs that comply with Section III below and the Supreme Court of Louisiana Rules for Continuing Legal Education. Up to eight (8) hours of approved labor law specialization CLE earned in excess of the 15 hour minimum required per year will be permitted to carry forward to the subsequent year, but may not be carried forward from the application year.
5. Maintain professional liability insurance in the minimum amount of \$1,000,000, unless waived for good cause by the Board. The policy must be offered by a company reasonably acceptable to the Board. Proof of insurance shall be provided annually with payment of the annual dues and upon request.
6. Pay all fees required by the Rules.

C. Recertification

1. Recertification as a Board Certified Labor Law Specialist shall be required every five (5) years from the date of certification or recertification, as the case may be.

2. Each Board Certified Labor Law Specialist shall present an application every five (5) years, on a form furnished by the Board, certifying that he or she has met the requirements of Section II B above.

Section III. STANDARDS FOR CONTINUING LEGAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

A. Program Development and Presentation

1. The program should contribute to the professional competence of a Board Certified Labor Law Specialist and should be open for attendance by all such attorneys;
2. Programs should be developed by individual(s) qualified in the subject matter;
3. Program content should be current and related to labor law subjects. Labor law specialization CLE credit will be granted for an entire program if 50% or more of the program is devoted to labor law subjects. If the program in its entirety does not meet the 50% requirement, individual sessions within the program will qualify for labor law specialization CLE credit if 50% or more of the content of the session is devoted to labor law.
4. Participants should be informed in advance of objectives, prerequisites, experience level, content, advance preparation (if required), and teaching methods to be used;
5. Instructors or discussion leaders should be qualified with respect to program content and teaching method used;
6. Program sponsors should encourage participation only by individuals with appropriate education and/or experience;
7. The program sponsor must maintain registration and/or attendance records and such other records as may be necessary to substantiate compliance of the program with the above criteria.

B. Program Qualification

1. General Rule

Continuing legal education (“CLE”) programs must be approved by the Mandatory Continuing Legal Education Committee (“MCLE Committee”) before approval can be granted by the Advisory Commission. Mandatory Continuing Legal Education (“MCLE”) is administered by the Louisiana State Bar Association (hereinafter the “LSBA”). The overriding consideration in determining if a specific program qualifies as acceptable continuing legal education is that it be a formal program of learning which contributes directly to the professional competence of an attorney who specializes in the field of labor law.

2. Program Approval

Programs shall be approved on a case-by-case basis by the Advisory Commission provided the program meets the general standards set forth in Section III, A and B1.

No credit shall be awarded for firm meetings or “in house” CLE programs.

Section IV. OTHER METHODS OF EARNING SPECIALIZATION CLE CREDIT

A. General Rules

1. Any other method of earning specialization CLE credit must be approved by MCLE before approval can be granted by the Advisory Commission, who shall then consider each request on a case-by-case basis.
2. All credit earned shall be calculated by MCLE in accordance with the Supreme Court of Louisiana Rules for Continuing Legal Education.
3. All requests for CLE credit shall be submitted to MCLE and the Advisory Commission within a reasonable period of time but no later than January 31 of the calendar year following the activity for which CLE credit is being sought.

B. Teaching

1. CLE credit may be awarded for teaching an approved CLE program pertinent to the specialization subject matter. If an individual teaches at a program and attends the balance of the program, then he or she shall receive credit for that portion of the program he or she did not teach in accordance with the Supreme Court of Louisiana Rules for Continuing Legal Education. No credit will be given for repetitious presentations of a program.
2. Teaching of academic courses in labor law in a law school or other graduate level program presented by a recognized professional educational association may earn CLE credit.
3. CLE credit may be awarded for teaching an labor law course at any seminar, provided the presentation meets all criteria contained in Section III, A and B, other than Section III, A3.

C. Writing

CLE credit may be awarded for writing articles and other publications directed primarily to attorneys specializing in the field of labor law and published in professional periodicals and publications. Credit will not be awarded for authorship of articles and other publications until the writing has been published.

D. Louisiana State Law Institute Committee meetings

CLE credit may be awarded for attendance at Louisiana State Law Institute Committee meetings pertinent to the field of labor law.

E. Pro Bono

CLE credit may be awarded for providing uncompensated pro bono legal representation related to a labor law matter, as defined in Section I C herein, to an indigent or near-indigent client or clients. CLE credit shall not be granted until the representation has been assigned, completed and verified by the assigning organization as defined by and in accordance with the Supreme Court of Louisiana Rules for Continuing Legal Education.

Section V. CREDIT HOURS GRANTED

- A. Only credit hours or the equivalent (and not hours dedicated to preparation) will be counted.
- B. One (1) hour of continuing legal education credit will be awarded for each 60 minutes of instruction. Where the program is several periods of instruction with intervening breaks, the number of minutes of instruction is summed for the entire program for which the credit is claimed and then the total number of minutes is divided by 60.
- C. A participant who is not present for an entire program may claim credit only for the portion he or she attended.
- D. The credit hours assigned to a program by MCLE will be accepted by the Advisory Commission unless the hours are clearly inaccurate under the standards for computing credit in accordance with the Supreme Court of Louisiana Rules for Continuing Legal Education.

Section VI. COMPLIANCE

A. General Rule

Specialization CLE credit hours will be computed on a calendar year basis and all attendance information for CLE credits earned shall be delivered to MCLE by January 31 of the following year.

B. Notification

The Board will notify each non-compliant Board Certified Labor Law Specialist of the credit hours he or she has earned during the preceding calendar year. The specialist shall have 30 days from the date of notification to appeal the award of credit hours.

A specialization transcript may be obtained from the Louisiana Board of Legal Specialization website located at <https://www.lsba.org/Specialization/>

Section VII. ADMINISTRATION

The Advisory Commission may delegate its responsibility to rule on all matters pertaining to labor law CLE requirements to a committee consisting of at least three (3) Advisory Commission members. Any such committee shall report to the Advisory Commission, and the Advisory Commission shall, at all times, retain the right to review, modify, or supersede the decisions of any such committee.